Explanations on Shareholders’ rights
(pursuant to Art. 56 sentence 2 and 3 SE-VO, Sec. 50 para. 2 SEAG,
Sec 122 para. 2, 126 para. 1, 127, 131 para. 1 of the German Stock
Corporation Act (Aktiengesetz) in conjunction with Sec. 1 COVID-
19-Act)

Act to Mitigate the Consequences of the COVID-19 Pandemic in Civil, Insolvency
and Criminal Procedure Law enacted March 27, 2020 (“COVID-19-Act”)

Article 2

Act on Measures in Corporate Law, the Law Governing Cooperatives, Associations, and
Foundations, and Condominium Property Law to Combat the Effects of the COVID-19
Pandemic

Section 1

Stock Corporations; Limited Partnerships with Shares; European Companies
(SEs); Mutual Insurance Companies (excerpt)

(1) Decisions regarding shareholder participation in the annual meeting of shareholders
via electronic communications pursuant to Section 118 para. 1 sentence 2 of the
Stock Corporation Act (Aktiengesetz) (electronic participation), casting votes via
electronic communications pursuant to Section 118 para. 2 of the Stock Corporation
Act (postal voting), supervisory board member participation by means of audio and
video transmission pursuant to Section 118 para. 3 sentence 2 of the Stock Corpora-
tion Act, and allowing audio and video transmission pursuant to Section 118 para. 4
of the Stock Corporation Act can be made by the company’s management board
even where such authority has not been granted under the articles of association or
rules of procedure.

(2) The management board can decide that the annual meeting of shareholders is to be
held as a virtual meeting without the physical presence of the shareholders or their
authorized representatives, provided that

1. the audio and visual transmission covers the entire general meeting,
2. the shareholders are able to exercise their voting rights via electronic communi-
cations (postal voting or electronic participation) as well as by appointing proxies,
3. the shareholders are given the opportunity to ask questions via electronic com-
munications,
4. waiving the requirement of personal appearance at the meeting, the shareholders
exercising their voting rights in accordance with no. 2 are given the opportunity,
Section 245 no. 1 of the Stock Corporation Act notwithstanding, to object to a
resolution to be decided on at the annual meeting of shareholders.

The management board decides, at its discretion in keeping with its obligations,
which questions it will respond to and how; it may also stipulate that questions be
submitted via electronic communications no later than two days prior to the meeting.

(3) Section 123 para. 1 sentence 1 and para. 2 sentence 5 of the Stock Corporation Act
notwithstanding, the management board may make the decision regarding conven-
ing the annual meeting of shareholders by the 21st day prior to the date of the
meeting at the latest. Section 123 para. 4 sentence 2 of the Stock Corporation Act
notwithstanding, in the case of publicly traded companies, the date of record for
proof of share ownership is to be the start of the 12th day prior to the meeting, and
in the case of bearer shares of the company, such proof must be received at the ad-
dress provided for this purpose in the notice of the meeting no later than on the
fourth day prior to the annual meeting of shareholders, insofar as the management
board does not stipulate in the notice of the annual meeting of shareholders that
there will be a shorter cut-off period for the company to receive proof of share own-
ership; deviating provisions in the bylaws are to be disregarded. In the event the de-
cision to convene falls closer to the date of the meeting as set out in sentence 1, the
notice as per Section 125 para. 1 sentence 1 of the Stock Corporation Act must be
sent no later than 12 days prior to the meeting, and the notice as per Section 125
para. 2 of the Stock Corporation Act must be sent to the party entered in the share
register as of the start of the 12th day prior to the annual meeting of shareholders. In
the aforementioned case, Section 122 para. 2 of the Stock Corporation Act notwith-
standing, the company must be in receipt of any amendment proposals at least 14
days prior to the company’s meeting.

(4) Section 59 para. 1 of the Stock Corporation Act notwithstanding, the management
board can decide, even where such authority has not been granted under the bylaw-
s, to pay out to shareholders an interim dividend based on net profit pursuant to Sec-
tion 59 para. 2 of the Stock Corporation Act. Sentence 1 applies analogously to a
partial payment towards the compensatory payment (Section 304 of the Stock Cor-
poration Act) to be made to external shareholders under an intercompany agree-
ment.

(5) Section 175 para. 1 sentence 2 of the Stock Corporation Act notwithstanding, the
management board can decide that the annual meeting of shareholders is to be held
within the financial year.

(6) The management board’s decisions as set out in (1) through (5) require the approval
of the supervisory board. Section 108 para. 4 of the Stock Corporation Act notwith-
standing and irrespective of the provisions in the articles of association or rules of
procedure, the supervisory board can vote on resolutions of approval in writing, by
telephone, or other comparable form without its members being required to be phys-
cally present.

(7) Additionally, the provision set out in Section 243 para. 3 no. 1 of the Stock Corpora-
tion Act notwithstanding, a legal action to set aside a resolution adopted at the an-
nual meeting of shareholders may not cite violations of Section 118 para. 1 sentenc-
es 3 through 5, para. 2 sentence 2, or para. 4 of the Stock Corporation Act, the vi-
olation of formal notification requirements as per Section 125 of the Stock Corpora-
tion Act, or violation of subsection (2) herein as its foundation, except where willful mis-
conduct on the part of the company can be shown.

Section 7
Transitional Provisions

(1) Section 1 applies only to such annual meetings of shareholders held and interim divi-
dend payments based on net profit made in the year 2020.

(2) Section 2 applies only to such shareholder meetings held and resolutions adopted in
the year 2020.

(3) Section 3 para. 1 and 2 apply to general meetings and meetings of representatives
held in 2020, Section 3 para. 3 to annual financial statements formally approved in
2020, § 3(4) to interim dividends paid out in 2020, Section 3 para. 5 to management
board or supervisory board member appointments expiring in 2020, and Section 3
para. 6 to management or supervisory board meetings of a cooperative or their joint
meetings held in 2020.

(4) Section 4 applies only to such register entries made in 2020.

(5) Section 5 applies only to association or foundation board member appointments ex-
piring in 2020 and meetings of association members held in 2020.
1. **Right to add items to the agenda pursuant to Art. 56 sentence 2 and 3 SE-VO, Sec. 50 para. 2 SEAG, Sec. 122 para. 2 AktG**

Shareholders, whose shares alone or collectively represent 5% (corresponds to 7,563,359 shares) or the pro rata amount of € 500,000 (corresponds to 500,000 shares) of share capital (the “minimum interest”) have a right to request that items are added to the agenda and announced. This minimum interest is required in accordace with Art. 56 sentence 3 SE Regulation in conjunction with Sec. 50 para. 2 SEAG for requests by shareholders of a European company (Societas Europaea).

The minimum interest must be proven to the Company, whereby it is sufficient to provide bank certifications.

The request shall be addressed in writing to the Company, represented by the Management Board, whereby each new item for the agenda must include a reason or a proposed resolution. The request for an additional agenda item can also entail a subject for discussion without a resolution. It must be received by the Company by no later than by midnight (CEST) on 16 May 2020. Please use the following postal address to submit your request:

Evotec SE
– Vorstand (Management Board) – Manfred Eigen Campus
Essener Bogen 7
22419 Hamburg
Germany

Additions to the agenda to be announced, provided that they were not already announced with the convening of the Annual General Meeting, shall immediately be announced after receipt of the demand in the Federal Gazette (Bundesanzeiger) and those media for publication, where it can be assumed that they disseminate the information throughout the European Union. They will also be made public at the internet address http://www.evotec.com in the section “Invest”, “Annual General Meeting” and notified to shareholders.

The relevant sections of the German Stock Corporation Act upon which those shareholder rights are based are as follows:

**Article 56 of the Council Regulation on the Statute for a European Company (SE Regulation)**

One or more shareholders who together hold at least 10 % of an SE's subscribed capital may request that one or more additional items be put on the agenda of any general meeting. The procedures and time limits applicable to such requests shall be laid down by the national law of the Member State in which the SE’s registered office is situated or, failing that, by the SE’s statutes. The above proportion may be reduced by the statutes or by the law of the Member State in which the SE’s registered office is situated under the same conditions as are applicable to public limited-liability companies.

**Section 50 para. 2 of the German SE Implementation Act (SEAG)**

(2) The amendment of the agenda of a General Meeting by one or more items may be requested by one or more shareholders whose shares amount in aggregate to not less than 5% of the share capital or represent an amount of the share capital corresponding to EUR 500,000.
Section 122 of the German Stock Corporation Act: Convening a meeting upon the request of a minority

(1) A general meeting shall be convened if shareholders whose aggregate holding is not less than one-twentieth of the share capital require such meeting in writing, stating the purpose and grounds; such request shall be addressed to the management board. The articles of association may provide that the right to request a general meeting is to depend on another form and on holding a lower proportion of the share capital. The applicants have to prove that they have been shareholders for at least 90 days prior to the day of the receipt of the demand and that they will continue to hold the shares until the decision of the managing board regarding their request is made. Section 121 para. 7 shall apply correspondingly.

(2) In the same way shareholders, whose shares amount in aggregate to not less than one-twentieth of the share capital or represent a proportional amount of not less than 500,000 Euro, may request to have items placed on the agenda and published. Every request for a new agenda item must be accompanied by an explanation of the reasons therefor or a proposed resolution. The request in accordance with sentence 1 must be received by the Company at least 24 days, in case of public companies at least 30 days prior to the general meeting; whereby the day of the receipt is not counted.

(3) If any such request is not complied with, the court may authorize the shareholders who made the request to convene a general meeting or publish such items. At the same time the court may appoint the chairman of the meeting. The notice of the meeting or the publication shall refer to such authorization. An appeal may be made against the decision of the court. The applicants have to prove that they will continue to hold the shares until the decision of the court is made.

(4) The Company shall bear the costs of the general meeting and, in the case of paragraph 3, also the court costs if the court grants the application.

Section 124 of the German Stock Corporation Act: Publication of requests for supplements; proposals for resolutions (excerpt)

(1) If the minority has requested pursuant to Section 122 para. 2 that items shall be added to the agenda, these items shall be published either upon convening the meeting or immediately following receipt of the request. Section 121 para. 4 shall apply analogously; moreover, Section 121 para. 4a shall apply analogously to public companies. Publication and submission shall be made in the same way as applicable for convening the meeting.

Section 121 of the German Stock Corporation Act: General provisions (excerpt)

(4) The convening of the general meeting shall be published in the company’s journals. If the shareholders of the Company are known by name, the shareholders’ meeting may be convened by registered letter, unless the articles of association provide otherwise; the day of dispatch shall be considered the day of publication. A notification to those registered in the shareholders’ register is sufficient.

(4a) In case of public companies which have not exclusively issued registered shares or which do not send the convention directly to the shareholders pursuant to para. 4 sentence 2, the notice shall, at the latest on the date of announcement, be furnished to such suitable media as may be expected to disseminate the information throughout the European Union.

(7) In case of deadlines and dates which are calculated back from the date of the meeting, the day of the meeting itself shall not be included in the calculation. Adjourning the meeting from a Sunday, Saturday or a holiday to a preceding
or following working day shall not be an option. Sections 187 to 193 of the German Civil Code (Bürgerliches Gesetzbuch) shall not be applied analogously. In case of unlisted companies, the articles may provide for a different calculation of the deadline.

Section 70 of the German Stock Corporation Act: Computation of the period of shareholding

If the exercise of rights arising from a share shall require the shareholder to have been the holder of the share for a certain period of time, the right to claim transfer from a bank, a financial services institution or an enterprise active according to section 53 para. 1 sentence 1 or section 53b para. 1 sentence 1 or para. 7 of the Banking Act shall be deemed equivalent to ownership. The period during which the share was owned by a predecessor in title shall be attributed to the shareholder, if he acquired the share without consideration from his fiduciary, as universal successor, upon severance of co-ownership, or as a result of a transfer of assets pursuant to section 13 of the Insurance Supervision Act or section 14 of the Building Savings Bank Act.

2. Opposing motions by shareholders pursuant to Art. 53 SE-VO, Sec. 126 para 1 of the German Stock Corporation Act (Aktiengesetz)

Shareholders are entitled to file countermotions against a proposal by the Shareholders are entitled to file motions opposing a proposal by the Management Board and Supervisory Board regarding a specific agenda item. Any opposing motions must be received by the Company in writing, by telefax or email by no later than by midnight (CEST) on 01 June 2020, including the reasons for them, exclusively at the following address, telefax number or email address:

Evotec SE
– Rechtsabteilung (Legal Department) – Manfred Eigen Campus
Essener Bogen 7
22419 Hamburg
Germany
Telefax: +49-(0)40560 81 333
Email: hauptversammlung@evotec.com

Motions that have been otherwise addressed shall not be taken into consideration. Opposing motions by shareholders that are to be made accessible shall be made accessible immediately after their receipt, including the name of the shareholder and any grounds for the motion, at http://www.evotec.com in section “Invest”, “Annual General Meeting”. Possible statements by management in this regard shall also be made accessible at this internet address. The Company can refrain from making an opposing motion and its reason accessible if exclusion elements exist pursuant to Sec. 126 para. 2 AktG, for example, because the opposing motion would lead to a shareholders’ resolution that is illegal or in contravention of the Articles of Association. A reason for a opposing motion does not need to be made accessible if it contains more than 5,000 characters.

Proposals for election by shareholders pursuant to Art. 53 SE-VO, Sec. 127 AktG

Shareholders are also entitled to submit nominations for the election of Supervisory Board members or auditors. With these, the aforementioned regulation on countermotions shall apply analogously, with the stipulation that the nomination does not need to be provided with a reason. Over and above the aforementioned exclusion elements of § 126 para 2 of the Stock Corporation Act (Aktiengesetz), the nomination also does not need to be made accessible if the nomination does not in-
clude the name, profession and place of residence of the nominated Supervisory Board member or Auditor and in the case of proposals for the election of Supervisory Board members if no information is provided on their membership of other statutory Supervisory Boards.

The relevant sections of the German Stock Corporation Act upon which those shareholder rights are based and which also set forth under which preconditions counter-proposals and election proposals do not need to be made available are as follows:

**Article 53**

Without prejudice to the rules laid down in this section, the organisation and conduct of general meetings together with voting procedures shall be governed by the law applicable to public limited-liability companies in the Member State in which the SE’s registered office is situated.

**Section 126 of the German Stock Corporation Act: Propositions by shareholders**

(1) Information on shareholders propositions, including the respective shareholder’s name, as well as the underlying reasons for the proposition and statements, if any, by the Management need only be given to the beneficiaries pursuant to section 125 para. 1 through 3, if the shareholder submits to the company at the address specified his counter-motion stating the reasons for it to a proposal of the executive management board and the supervisory board concerning a specific agenda item at the latest 14 days prior to the general meeting. The day of the receipt is not counted. Public companies have to publish the propositions on their webpage. Section 125 para. 3 applies accordingly.

(2) Information on a counter-motion and the reasons therefore need not be given, if:

1. the executive management board would by reason of giving such information become criminally liable;
2. the counter-motion would result in a resolution of the general meeting which would be unlawful or in breach of the articles of association;
3. the grounds contain statements which are manifestly false or misleading in material respects or which are defamatory;
4. a counter-motion of such shareholder based on the same facts has already been communicated to a general meeting of the company pursuant to section 125;
5. the same counter-motion of such shareholder on essentially identical grounds has already been communicated pursuant to section 125 to at least two general meetings of the company within the past five years and at such general meetings less than one-twentieth of the share capital represented voted in favour of such counter-motion;
6. the shareholder indicates that he will neither attend nor be represented at the general meeting; or
7. within the past two years at two general meetings the shareholder failed to move or cause to be moved on his behalf a counter-motion communicated by him.

The statement of grounds need not be communicated if it exceeds 5,000 figures.
(3) If several shareholders make counter-motions in respect of the same resolution, the management board may combine such counter-motions and their statements of grounds.

Section 127 sentences 1 to 3 of the German Stock Corporation Act: Nominations by shareholders

Section 126 shall apply analogously to nomination by a shareholder for election of supervisory board members or auditors. Such nomination need not be supported by statement of grounds. Nor need the executive management board give notice of such nomination if it fails to contain the particulars required by section 124 para. 3 sentence 4 and section 125 para. 1 sentence 5.

Section 124 para. 3 sentence 4 of the German Stock Corporation Act: Publication for requests for supplements; proposals for resolutions (excerpt)

The nomination for the election of supervisory board members or auditors shall state their name, profession and domicile.

Section 125 para. 1 sentence 5 of the German Stock Corporation Act: Communications to shareholders and Members of the Supervisory Board (excerpt)

In case of listed companies details on the membership in other supervisory boards to be established pursuant to statutory provisions must be added to any nomination for the election of supervisory board members; details on their membership in comparable domestic and foreign controlling bodies of enterprises shall be added.

Section 137 of the German Stock Corporation Act: Voting on nomination made by shareholders

If a shareholder has made a nomination for the election of members of the supervisory board pursuant to section 127 and proposes at the general meeting the election of the person nominated by him, such proposal shall be resolved upon prior to consideration of the proposal of the supervisory board if a minority of shareholders whose aggregate holding is at least one-tenth of the share capital represented at the meeting so requests.

3.

3. Shareholders’ right to ask questions pursuant to Art. 53 SE-VO, Sec. 131 para. 1 of the German Stock Corporation Act (Aktiengesetz) in conjunction with Sec. 1 para. 2 sentence 1 No. 3, sentence 2 COVID-19-Act

Notwithstanding Sec. 131 AktG, registered shareholders have no information rights at the virtual Annual General Meeting on 16 June 2020. Instead, they have the opportunity of submitting questions before the Annual General Meeting. This does not imply the right to an answer, however. The Management Board decides at its own professional discretion whether to answer the questions. The Management is not obliged to answer all questions; in particular it may combine questions and select sensible questions in the interests of the other shareholders; it may prefer shareholder associations and institutional investors with significant voting rights. It is possible that the questioner is mentioned by name when the question is answered. Please note the additional comments on shareholder rights and data protection at the end of this convening document.

Questions from shareholders must be submitted no later than two days before the general meeting, i.e. midnight CEST on 13 June 2020 via the password-protected online service on the company website, www.evotec.com, in the section “Invest”, “Annual General Meeting”.

7
No questions may be asked during the virtual Annual General Meeting.

The relevant sections of the German Stock Corporation Act upon which those shareholder rights are based and which also set forth under which preconditions the Executive Management Board can refuse to answer are as follows:

*Section 131 of the German Stock Corporation Act: Shareholders right to information*

(1) Each shareholder shall upon request be provided with information at a general meeting by the executive management board regarding the company’s affairs, to the extent that such information is necessary to permit a proper evaluation of the relevant item on the agenda. The duty to provide information shall also extend to the company’s legal and business relations with any connected enterprise. If a company makes use of the simplified procedure pursuant to section 266 para. 1 sentence 3, section 276 or section 288 of the German Commercial Code, each shareholder may request that the annual financial statements be presented to him at the general meeting dealing with the annual financial statements in the form which would have been used if use of such provisions had not been applied. The disclosure obligation of the executive management board of the parent company (section 290 para. 1 sentence 2 of the German Commercial Code) in the general meeting, to which the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated management report is presented, also extends to the situation of the consolidated group of companies and of the enterprises included in the consolidated financial statements.

(2) The information provided shall comply with the principles of conscientious and accurate accounting. The articles of association or the by-laws according to section 129 can authorize the chairperson to set appropriate time limits in regards to shareholders’ right to ask questions and speak and to make other determinations in this matter.

(3) The executive management board may refuse to provide information:

1. to the extent that providing such information is, according to sound business judgement, likely to cause not insignificant damage to the company or a connected enterprise;
2. to the extent that such information relates to tax valuations or the amount of individual taxes;
3. on the difference between the value at which items are shown in the annual balance sheet and the higher value of such items, unless the general meeting is to determine the annual financial statements;
4. on methods of arriving at balances and valuation, if disclosure of such methods in the notes suffices to provide a factually accurate picture of the condition of the company's assets, financial position and profitability within the meaning of section 264 para. 2 of the German Commercial Code; this shall not apply if the general meeting is to determine the annual financial statements;
5. insofar as provision of the information would render the executive management board criminally liable;
6. insofar as, in the case of a bank or a financial services institution, information on methods adopted of arriving at balances, valuation and effected settlements does not require to be given in the annual financial statements, management report, consolidated financial statements or consolidated management report;
7. Insofar as such information is available on the webpage of the company at least for a period of seven days prior to the general meeting and throughout the general meeting.

Provision of information may not be refused for other reasons.

(4) If information has been provided to a shareholder, by reason of his status as a shareholder, outside the general meeting, such information shall upon request be provided to any other shareholder at the general meeting, even if such information is not necessary to permit a proper evaluation of an item on the agenda. The executive management board may not refuse to provide such information on the grounds of paragraph (3) sentence 1 nos. 1 to 4. Sentences 1 and 2 shall not apply if a subsidiary enterprise (section 290 paragraphs (1) and (2) of the German Commercial Code) an enterprise with common management (section 310 paragraph (1) of the German Commercial Code) or an associated enterprise (section 311 paragraph (1) of the German Commercial Code) discloses the information to a parent enterprise (section 290 paragraphs (1) and (2) of the German Commercial Code) for the purposes of inclusion of the information in the consolidated financial statements of the parent enterprise and the information is necessary for that purpose.

(5) A shareholder who has been denied information may request that his question, and the reason for which the information was denied, be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

Article 16 para 2 of the Articles of Association of Evotec SE:

(2) The Chairman of the occasion shall manage deliberations and determine the order of the items of the agenda as well as the nature and further details of voting. The Chairman may impose reasonable limits on shareholders’ right to ask questions and speak.

Hamburg, May 2020

Evotec SE

The Management Board