Translation to the clinic of EVT801: A novel immune-oncology agent for expanding patient population responding to immune checkpoint therapies Selective inhibitor of VEGFR3 for patients resistant to immune checkpoint inhibitors: Clinical translation activities

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Drug concept	 Develop a small molecule for cancer immunotherapy that targets immunosuppressive cell t response rate
Target class	 EVT801 is a selective inhibitor of the VEGFR3 tyrosine kinase
Project status	• EVT801 is currently in late preclinical development and is anticipated to be Phase 1 ready
Targeted indication	Combination with immune checkpoint therapies for non-responder patients with VEC
Gateway indication	Solid tumours with VEGFR3 ⁺ microenvironment and/or Kaposi's sarcoma as orphan diseas
Administration	Oral administration
Biomarkers	 Patient stratification: VEGFR3 expression on TME & circulating MDSCs quantification PD biomarker: ERK/AKT phosphorylation & gene signature Biomarker of activity: Gene signature & circulating immune-cells quantification



Acting on hypoxia to control tumour outgrowth



The CT26 mouse model is a model with heterogeneity, highly dependent on hypoxia and with low MDSC frequency

- Combination of EVT801 and anti-PD1 mAb results in a strong therapeutic activity
- Treatment with EVT801 is associated with a decrease of hypoxia

Dedicated biomarker approach developed for EVT801

- Patient stratification
- VEGFR3 expression on tumour cells and in Tumour Microenvironment from biopsies
- High level of circulating MDSCs
- Baseline circulating myeloid-derived suppressor cells and response to anti-PD1 mAb in non-small cell lung cancer patients: Collaboration Oncopole/CRCT/Evotec (IMMUNOPREDICT trial NCT02827344)
- Biomarker of activity/resistance
- Single agent
- Gene signature related to resistance to PD1/VEGFR3 signalling pathways
- Phosphorylation pathways: pERK and pAKT
- Combination with ICT (Immune Checkpoint Therapies)
- Quantification of circulating immune cells and circulating MDSCs
- Single agent and Combination with ICT
- Development of specific labelling by IHC related to EVT801 MoA for on-treatment biopsies

We are actively looking for partners for clinical development



Circulating MDSCs as stratification biomarker IMMUNOPREDICT trial NCT02827344



- Higher level of m-MDSCs in patients decrease Overall Survival
- interest for EVT801, especially if VEGFR3 is expressed in tumour and/or microenvironment

VEGFR3 expression in tumour and microenvironment (in %)

Indication	HCC	HNSCC	NSCLC	Lung AC	Kaposi	CCRCC	Colon cancer
VEGFR3 expression in TME	30 to 100%	40%	100%	100%	100% on tumour cells	94%	30%
Access to patients eligible for Ph1a	No	Yes	+/-	+/-	Yes	Yes	Yes
Recommendation	Phase 2 combo	lb combo	lb combo	lb combo	(1a) / 1b	(1a) / 1b	1a / 1b

Current ideas for clinical plan up to PoC





• Intermediate results seems to show that patients with high progression @ 2 months have a strong level of m-MDSCs and could be the population of

	Phase Ib: Dose expansion			
	Group 1: Single agent VEGFR3 solid tumours, n=30 per cohort: Kaposi's sarcoma and other sarcomas	→	Support pivotal double blind PII	
on	Group 2: Combo with ICT (solid tumours with VEGFR3 ⁺ TME) n=30 per cohort Cohort 1: Kidney cancer Cohort 2: Lung cancer Cohort 3: Solid tumours with VEGFR3 ⁺ in TME	→	PoM + combo RP2D	
	+ Efficacy (RECIST criteria) and Biomarkers evaluation		Indication specific PII	

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